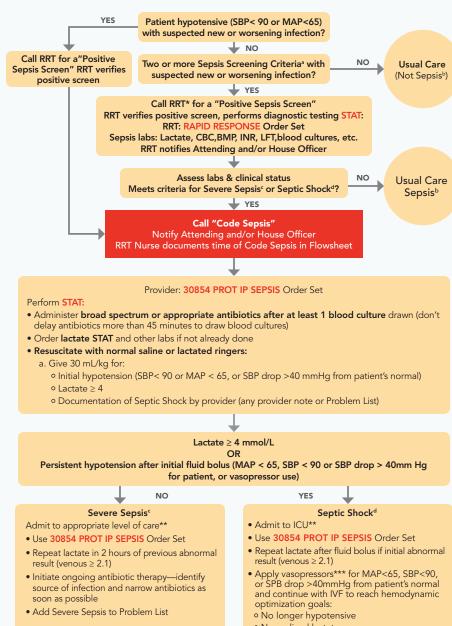
INPATIENT Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock Treatment Algorithm **Begin STAT. Time is life!**



- Normalized lactate
- No longer hypovolemic: urine output
 > 0.5 mL/kg/hour for 2 hours
- Initiate ongoing antibiotic therapy—identify source of infection and narrow antibiotics as soon as possible
- Add Septic Shock to Problem List
- Complete within 6 hours of onset of Septic Shock
- Focused exam or 2 of 4 of the following: US, PLR, CVP, ScVO2
- Ensure repeat lactate is drawn, if initial abnormal result (venous ≥ 2.1)
- * RRT is Rapid Response Team, also referred to as Medical Response Team. Follow hospital-specific procedures for activation and response.
- ** Refer to Allina Health's Intensive Care Transfer Guideline for Severe Sepsis & Septic Shock
- *** Vasopressors can be administered for up to 4 hours via peripheral IV

***SEPSIS SCREENING CRITERIA**

Suspected new or worsening infection + hypotension (SBP < 90 or MAP < 65)

OR

- 2. Suspected new or worsening infection+TWO of the following:
 - Temp > 100.9 F (38.3 C) or < 96.8 F (36 C)
 - HR > 90
 - RR > 20
 - WBC > 12,000 or < 4,000 or > 10% bands
 - •Acutely altered mental status

DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA

^bSEPSIS: Suspected new or worsening infection PLUS TWO of the following:

- •Temp > 100.9 F (38.3 C) or < 96.8 F (36 C)
- Heart rate > 90
- RR > 20 or PaCO2 < 32 mmHg
- •WBC > 12,000 or < 4,000 or > 10% bands

SEVERE SEPSIS: Sepsis plus ONE or more ACUTE**** organ dysfunctions (patients may have severe sepsis with< 2 sepsis criteria present):

- Lactate > 2.1
- Initial hypotension (1 reading of SBP < 90 or MAP < 65) that resolves with IV fluid bolus
- New need for invasive or non-invasive mechanical ventilation
- Creatinine ≥ 2.1 or urine output < 0.5 mL/kg/hour for 2 hours
- Total Bilirubin > 2
- Platelets < 100,000
- INR > 1.5 or aPTT > 60 sec

dSEPTIC SHOCK: Sepsis+ ONE of the following (patients may have septic shock with < 2 sepsis^b criteria present):

- Persistent hypotension: 2 consecutive hypotensive readings within 1 hour after fluid bolus complete (NS or LR), defined as MAP < 65 , SBP < 90 or SBP drop > 40mmHg from patient's normal
- Lactate ≥ 4.0
- Documentation of Septic Shock by provider (any provider note, Clinical Impression List or Problem List)

****Acute Organ Dysfunction

- Invasive mechanical ventilation requires an endotracheal or tracheostomy tube. Non-invasive mechanical ventilation (may be referred to as BiPAP) uses a mask
- AKI is defined as: rise of creatinine $\geq 50\%$ above baseline and/or acute rise of creatinine by $\geq 0.3 \text{ mg/dl}$ (Allina CDIP criteria)
- For urine output, documentation must clearly indicate that urine output is being monitored hourly to be able to use this as organ dysfunction
- For patients on warfarin, elevated INR is considered chronic

